

2-line filters SIFI-F for normal insertion loss

250 V DC/AC, 50/60 Hz, 3 ... 36 A

Series/Type: B84111F0000*

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Version: 07

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SIFI-F for normal insertion loss

Construction

- 2-line filter
- · Metal case
- Polyurethane potting (UL 94 V–0)

Features

- · Optimized leakage current
- Easy to install
- Compact design
- Cost-optimized construction
- ENEC10, UL und cUL approval



Applications

- Switched-mode power supplies for
 - industrial electronics
 - telecom systems
 - data systems
- DC applications
- Medical engineering Type M

Terminals

- Filters up to 20A tab connectors 6.3 x 0.8 mm
- Threaded studs M5 for filters from 25A to 36A

Marking

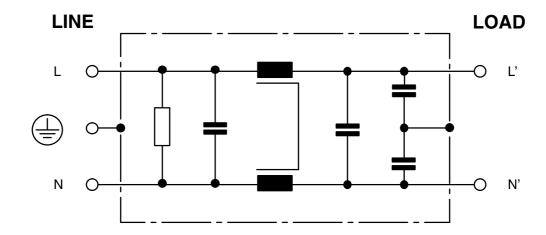
- Marking on component: manufacturer's logo, ordering code, rated voltage, rated current, rated temperature, climatic category, date code
- Minimum marking on packaging: maufacturer's logo, ordering code, date code, quantity





SIFI-F for normal insertion loss

Typical circuit diagram of B84111F0000B* and B84111F0000G*



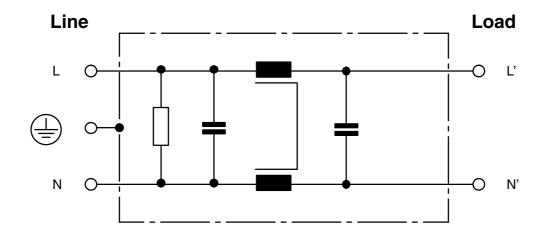
Technical data and measuring conditions of B84111F0000B* and B84111F0000G*

Rated voltage	V _R	250	V DC/AC
Rated frequency	f _R	50/60	Hz
Test voltage line to line for 2 s	U _{test}	1770	V DC
Test voltage line to case for 2 s	U _{test}	2700	V DC
Leakage current	I _{leak}	At 230 V AC, 50 Hz	
Rated temperature	T _R	40	°C
Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)		25/100/21	



SIFI-F for normal insertion loss

Typical circuit diagram of B84111F0000M* (for medical applications)



Technical data and measuring conditions of B84111F0000M* (for medical applications)

Rated voltage	V _R	250	V DC/AC
Rated frequency	f _R	50/60	Hz
Test voltage line to line for 2 s	U _{test}	1770	V DC
Test voltage line to case for 2 s	U _{test}	2500	V AC
Leakage current	I _{leak}	At 230 V AC, 50 Hz	
Rated temperature	T _R	40	°C
Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)		25/100/21	



SIFI-F for normal insertion loss

Characteristics and ordering codes for B84111F0000B* and B84111F0000G*

I _R	C _R	L _R	I _{leak}	Approx. weight	R _{typ}	Ordering code	Approvals		
Α		mH	mA	g	mΩ		% 10	<i>R</i> 1	1? :
3	2 x 0.1 μF (X2) 2 x 4700 pF (Y2)	2 x 1.5	< 0.5	90	67	B84111F0000B030	Х	X	Х
6	2 x 0.1 μF (X2) 2 x 4700 pF (Y2)	2 x 1.8	< 0.5	90	37	B84111F0000B060	Х	X	X
10	2 x 0.1 μF (X2) 2 x 4700 pF (Y2)	2 x 0.87	< 0.5	90	12.5	B84111F0000B110	Х	X	Х
16	2 x 0.1 μF (X2) 2 x 4700 pF (Y2)	2 x 0.65	< 0.5	130	6.8	B84111F0000B116	Х	X	X
20	2 x 0.1 μF (X2) 2 x 4700 pF (Y2)	2 x 0.43	< 0.5	130	4.8	B84111F0000B120	Х	X	Х
25	2 x 0.1 μF (X2) 2 x 4700 pF (Y2)	2 x 0.66	< 0.5	300	4.5	B84111F0000G125	Х	X	X
36	2 x 0.47 μF (X2) 2 x 10 nF (Y2)	2 x 0.4	< 1	300	1.6	B84111F0000G136	Х	X	Х

Characteristics and ordering codes for B84111F0000M* (for medical applications)

I _R	C _R	L _R	I _{leak}	Approx. weight	R _{typ}	Ordering code	Approvals		als
Α		mH	μΑ	g	mΩ		% 10	<i>9</i> 7	1? :
3	2 x 0.1 μF (X2)	2 x 1.5	< 2	90	67	B84111F0000M030	Х	Χ	Χ
6	2 x 0.1 μF (X2)	2 x 1.8	< 2	90	37	B84111F0000M060	Х	Χ	Χ
10	2 x 0.1 μF (X2)	2 x 0.87	< 2	90	12.5	B84111F0000M110	Х	Χ	Χ
16	2 x 0.1 μF (X2)	2 x 0.65	< 2	130	6.8	B84111F0000M116	Х	Χ	Χ
20	2 x 0.1 μF (X2)	2 x 0.43	< 2	130	4.8	B84111F0000M120	Х	Χ	Χ
25	2 x 0.1 μF (X2)	2 x 0.66	< 2	300	4.5	B84111F0000M125	Х	Χ	Χ
36	2 x 0.47 μF (X2)	2 x 0.4	< 2	300	1.6	B84111F0000M136	Х	Х	Х

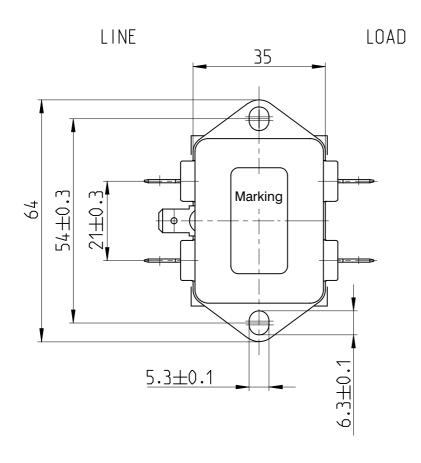
X = approval granted

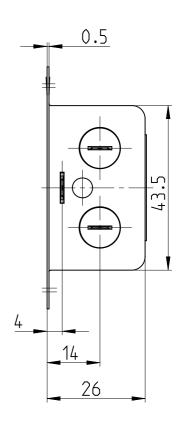


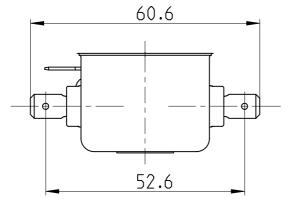
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Dimensional drawings

B84111F0000*030 B84111F0000*060 B84111F0000*110







Tab connector DIN 46244-A6.3-0.8

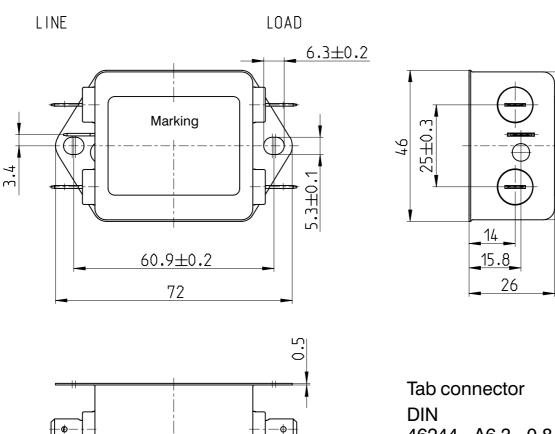
all dimensions in mm!



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Dimensional drawings

B84111F0000*116 B84111F0000*120



46244-A6.3-0.8

all dimensions in mm!

48

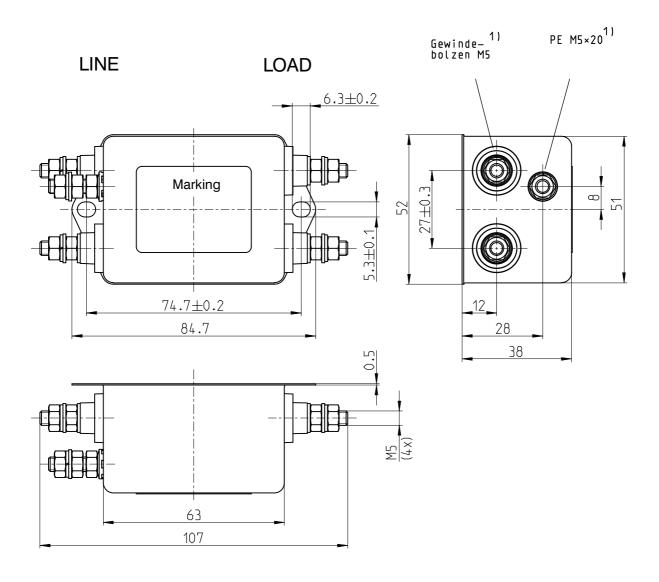
74.6



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Dimensional drawings

B84111F0000*125 B84111F0000*136



1) Tightening torque 2,6...3,0 Nm!

All dimensions in mm!

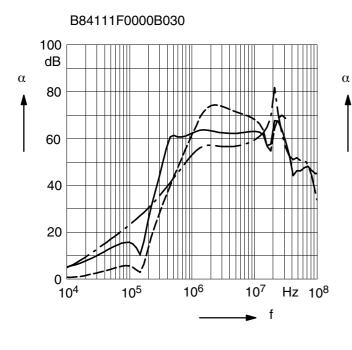


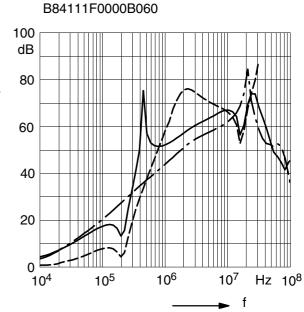
SIFI-F for normal insertion loss

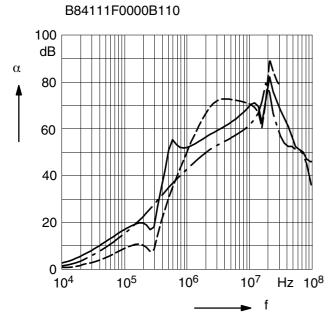
Insertion loss (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$)

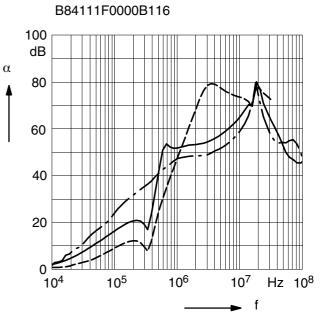
unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated

--- common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)









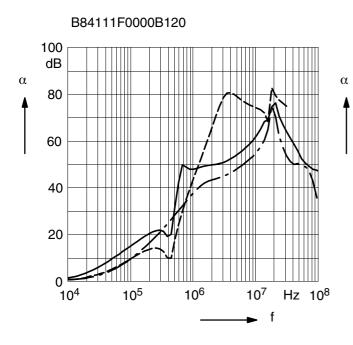


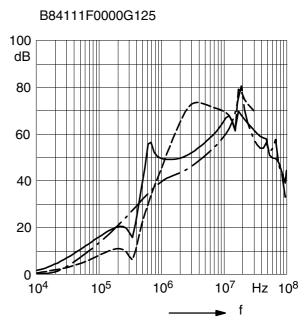
SIFI-F for normal insertion loss

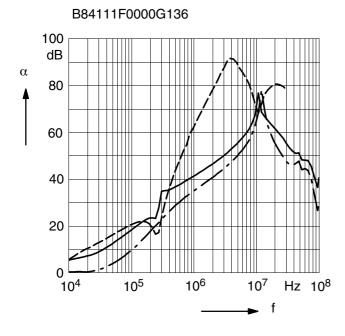
Insertion loss (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$)

unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated

--- common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)







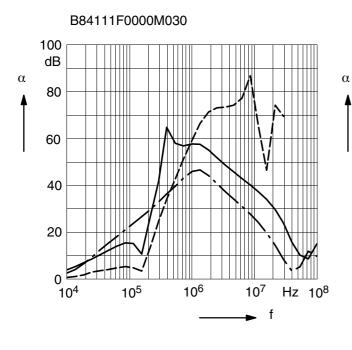


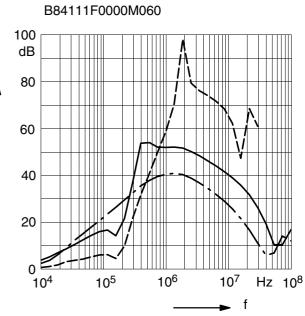
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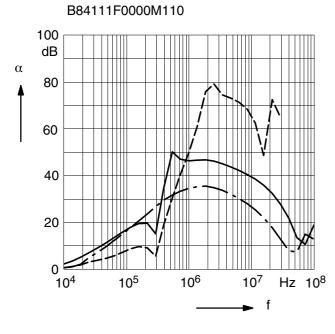
Insertion loss (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$)

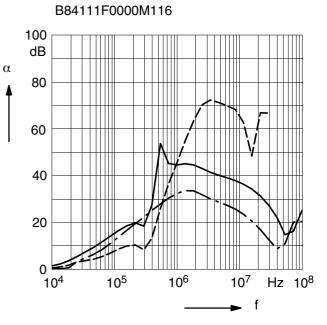
unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated

--- common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)









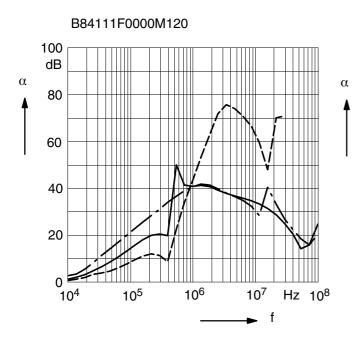


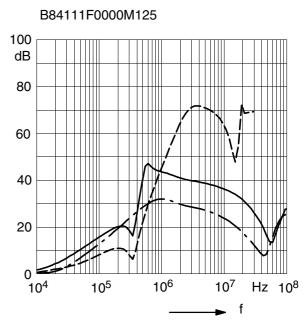
SIFI-F for normal insertion loss

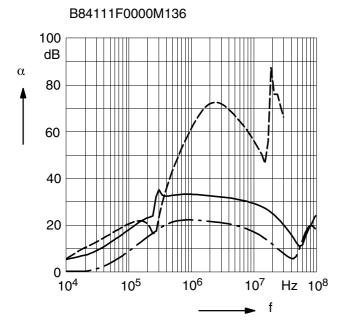
Insertion loss (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$)

unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated

--- common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)









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Caution and warnings

- Please note the advices in our data book "EMC Filters" (latest edition); attention should be paid to the chapter "General safety notes".
- It shall be ensured that only qualified persons (electricity specialists) are engaged on work such as planning, assembly, installation, operation, repair and maintenance. They must be provided with the corresponding documentation.
- Danger of electric shock. EMC filters contain components that store an electric charge.
 Dangerous voltages can continue to exist at the filter terminals for longer than five minutes even after the power has been switched off.
- The protective earth connections shall be the first to be made when the EMC filter is
 installed and the last to be disconnected. Depending on the magnitude of the leakage currents, the particular specifications for making the protective—earth connection must be observed.
- Impermissible overloading of the EMC filter, such as with circuits able to cause resonances, impermissible voltages at higher frequencies etc. can lead to bodily injury and death as well as cause substantial material damages (e.g. destruction of the filter housing).
- EMC filters must be protected in the application against impermissible exceeding of the rated currents by overcurrent protective.
- In case of leakage currents > 3.5 mA you shall mount the PE conductor stationary with the required cross section before beginning of operation and save it against disconnecting. For leakage currents I_L^{4} < 10 mA the PE conductor must have a KU value $^{3)}$ of 4.5; for leakage currents $I_L \ge 10$ mA the PE conductor must have a KU value of 6.

³⁾ The KU value (symbol KU) is a classification parameter of safety-referred failure types designed to ensure protection against hazardous body currents and excessive heating.

A value of KU = 4.5 with respect to interruptions is attained:

[–] with a permanently connected protective earth circuit \geq 1.5 mm²

[–] with a protective earth circuit \geq 2.5 mm² connected via shroud connectors (IEC 60309–2).

KU = 6 with respect to interruptions is achieved for fixed–connection lines \geq 10 mm² where the type of connection and line layout correspond to the requirements for PEN conductors as specified in relevant standards.

⁴⁾ $I_L = leakage current let-go$



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